

ዐይነት ፤	ማሳሰቢያያ ።
ርእሰ ፤	"የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ አንከርት-ስልክ ፡ EE ፡ በተባለው ፡ ብሪታንያዊ ፡ ድርጅት ፡ አላግባብ ፡ በታገደ ፡ ባ 4 ተኛው ፡ ዓመት ፡ ጉዳዩ ፡ ለፍርድ ፡ ቤት ፡ ከቀረበ ፡ በኋላ ፡ ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ.ን ፡ የከሰሰው ፡ አካል ፡ ክሱን ፡ ድንገት ፡ መሠረዙን ፡ አስታወቀ ። [ተዘምኗል] On the 4 th year of the unlawful suspension of E.C.D.U.'s mobile phone service by the British company EE, the party accusing E.C.D.U. has suddenly issued a Notice of Discontinuance with the Courts. [updated] En la 4 ^{ième} année de la suspension illégitime du service de téléphone portable de l'U.C.D.E. par la société britannique EE, la partie accusatrice de l'U.C.D.E. a soudain décidé d'interrompre sa démarche de réclamation auprès du Tribunal. [mis à jour]"
ደራሲ ፤	የ"ሥልጡንሕዝብና" ፡ ዝግጅት ፡ ክፍል ።
ዕኩት ፤	• አንደኛ ፡ ዝግጅት ፡ መስከረም ፡ 3 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2014 ፡ ዓ.ም. ። • ኹለተኛ ፡ ዝግጅት ፡ መስከረም ፡ 21 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2014 ፡ ዓ.ም. ። • ሦስተኛ ፡ ዝግጅት ፡ ኅዳር ፡ 21 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2014 ፡ ዓ.ም. ። • አራተኛ ፡ ዝግጅት ፡ ሚያዝያ ፡ 25 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2014 ፡ ዓ.ም. ። • ዐምስተኛ ፡ ዝግጅት ፡ ሐምሌ ፡ 1 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2016 ፡ ዓ.ም. ።
ዝግጅት ፤	ፍጹም ።
መጽሔት ፤	"ሥልጡንሕዝብና" ፡ መዜንው ፡ ቍ.2016-005
ማስታወሻ ፤	
ማሳሰቢያ ፤	ኹኔታው ፡ በተለወጠ ፡ ቍጥር ፡ ይዘመናል ።

ማሳሰቢያ

NOTICE | مُطالعة

የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ አንከርት-ስልክ ፡ EE ፡
በተባለው ፡ ብሪታንያዊ ፡ ድርጅት ፡
አላግባብ ፡ በታገደ ፡ ባ 4 ተኛው ፡ ዓመት ፡
ጉዳዩ ፡ ለፍርድ ፡ ቤት ፡ ከቀረበ ፡ በኋላ ፡
ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ.ን ፡ የከሰሰው ፡ አካል ፡ ክሱን ፡
ድንገት ፡ መሠረዙን ፡ አስታወቀ ።

ሐምሌ ፡ 1 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2016 ፡ ዓ.ም. ።

ዝርዝር ፡ ምክንያቱን ፡ ወረድ ፡ ብለን ፡ እንደምናየው ፡
በግንቦት ፡ ወር ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ EE ፡ የተባለው ፡ ብሪታንያዊ ፡
የአንከርት-ስልክ ፡ ድርጅት ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ.ን ፡ የስልክ ፡
አገልግሎት ፡ ለሦስት ፡ ዓመታት ፡ አላግባብ ፡ አግዶበት ፡
ቈይቷል ። በእነዚህ ፡ ሦስት ፡ ዓመታት ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ.ን ፡
ኅላፊ ፡ ለ 3 ፡ ወራት ፡ ያክል ፡ በተከታታዮች ፡ ደብዳቤዎች ፡
ካስፈራራ ፡ እና ፡ የኅላፊውንም ፡ የግል ፡ ይማና ፡ ክርታስ ፡ (credit

card) ፡ የይማና ፡ መጠን ፡ (credit limit) ፡ አላግባብ ፡
በ 50% ፡ ካስቀነሰበት ፡ በኋላ ፡ EE ፡ ጉዳዩን ፡ Moorcroft Debt
Recovery Limited ፡ ለተሠኘ ፡ ድርጅት ፡ በሐምሌ ፡ ወር ፡
2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ አስተላልፎበት ፡ ነበር ። ይህኛው ፡
ድርጅትም ፡— "910.13 ፡ ፓውንድ ፡ (63700 ፡ የኢትዮጵያ ፡
ብር) ፡ አኹኑኑ ፡ ካላስረከባችኹኝ ፡ እከላችኋለኝ!" ፡ እያለ ፡
በእየላምንቱ ፡ የዛቻ ፡ ደብዳቤዎቹን ፡ ለ 6 ፡ ወራት ፡ ያክል ፡
አከታተለ ። ሕገ ፡ ወጥ ፡ ጥያቄ ፡ በመኾኑ ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡
ኅላፊ ፡ ምንም ፡ ዐይነት ፡ መልስ ፡ አልሰጠው ። በ 7 ኛው ፡
ወር ፡ Moorcroft Debt Recovery Limited ፡ ጉዳዩን ፡
Lowell Portfolio 1 Ltd. ፡ ለተባለ ፡ ድርጅት ፡ አስተላለፈው ።
ይህኛውም ፡ ድርጅት ፡ ተመሳሳይ ፡ የዛቻ ፡ ደብዳቤዎችን ፡
ላ 10 ፡ ወራት ፡ ያክል ፡ ካከታተለ ፡ በኋላ ፡ በኅዳር ፡ ወር ፡
2015 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ ደብዳቤው ፡ ለፍርድ ፡ ቤት ፡ የክስ ፡ መዝገብ ፡
እንደሚያስገባ ፡ አስታወቀ ። እንደ ፡ ዛታውም ፡ በነሐሴ ፡ ወር ፡
2015 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ የክስ ፡ ደብዳቤውን ፡ ለብሪታንያ ፡ ፍርድ ፡ ቤት ፡
አስገባ ። የክሱ ፡ ደብዳቤ ፡ እንደ ፡ ደረሰው ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡
ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤት ፡ የመከላከያ ፡ መልሱን ፡ ወዲያውኑ ፡ አስገባ ።
በመከላከያ ፡ ደብዳቤውም ፡ ችግሩ ፡ የተነሣው ፡ ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡
ጥር ፡ 12 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2012 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ ይፋ ፡ ባወጣው ፡

"ተሐድሶ ፡ ቅኝ ፡ ግዛታዊ ፡ ሥምረት?"

በኢትዮጵያ ፡ የመንግሥት ፡ ድርጅቶችን ፡ ወደግል ፡ ይዞታ ፡

የማዛወር ፡ ውሳኔ ፡ ሕጋዊ ፡ መንግሥት ፡ እስኪቋቋም ፡

መዘግየት ፡ አለበት ። "

በተሠኘ ፡ የአቋም ፡ መግለጫው ፡ ምክንያት ፡ መኾኑን ፡
የጽሕፈት ፡ ቤቱ ፡ ኅላፊ ፡ አስታወሱ ። ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ በዚህ ፡
የአቋም ፡ መግለጫው ፡ ሕጋዊ ፡ መንግሥት ፡ በሌለበት ፡
እንደ ፡ "ኢትዮ-ቴሌኮም" ፡ ያሉት ፡ መንግሥታዊያን ፡ የንግድ ፡
ድርጅቶች ፡ በኢ.ፌ.ዴ.ሪ. ፡ የውንብድና ፡ ይዘት ፡ ለውጭ ፡
ባለሀብቶች ፡ ሊሹጡ ፡ አይገባቸውም ፡ ሲል ፡ ተቃውሞ ፡ ነበር ።
በግንቦት ፡ ወር ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ ከ"ኢትዮ-ቴሌኮም" ፡
የአንከርት-ስልክ ፡ ገበያ ፡ 40%ው ፡ "VODAFONE" ፡
በተባለው ፡ ብሪታንያዊ ፡ የንግድ ፡ ድርጅት ፡ ለሚመራው ፡
ለ"SAFARICOM" ፡ ሲሹጥ ፡ የብሪታንያ ፡ መንግሥት ፡
COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION ፡ በተባለው ፡
መንግሥታዊ ፡ የንግድ ፡ ድርጅቱ ፡ አማካይነት ፡ ድርሻ ፡
አግኝቷል ። በዚህ ፡ ምክንያት ፡ ክስ ፡ በብሪታንያ ፡
መንግሥት ፡ ዳኝነት ፡ መታየቱ ፡ የጥቅም ፡ መጋጨትን ፡
ስለሚፈጥር ፡ ቅር ፡ የሚያሠኘው ፡ መኾኑን ፡ ጠቅሶ ፡ ነገር ፡
ግን ፡ የፍርድ ፡ ቤቱን ፡ ብይን ፡ ኹሉ ፡ የሚያከብር ፡ መኾኑን ፡
የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤት ፡ አስታወቀ ። ኹኛም ፡ ጉዳዩ ፡
በዚህ ፡ ብቻ ፡ እንደማይቆም ፡ እና ፡ በተገቢ ፡ የፍትሕ ፡
ሥልጣን ፡ ፊት ፡ ቀርቦ ፡ ትክክለኛ ፡ ፍጻሜውን ፡ ያገኛል ፡ ሲል ፡
ጨምሮ ፡ አስታወቀ ።

የብሪታንያ ፡ ፍርድ ፡ ቤት ፡ በመጋቢት ፡ ወር ፡ 2016 ፡
ዓ.ም. ፡ በተጻፈ ፡ ደብዳቤው ፡ ችሎቱ ፡ ለታኅሣሥ ፡ ወር ፡
2017 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ መቀጠሩን ፡ አስታወቀ ። የችሎቱ ፡ ቀን ፡

ቀጠሮ ፡ ሲጠበቅ ፡ በመካከሉ ፡ Lowell Portfolio I Ltd. ፡ "ክሱ ፡ ይሠረዝልኝ" ፡ የሚል ፡ ማመልከቻ ፡ በግንቦት ፡ ወር ፡ 2016 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ አስገብቶ ፡ ኖሮ ፡ በዚህ ፡ ወር ፡ በተላከ ፡ ደብዳቤው ፡ የብሪታንያ ፡ ፍርድ ፡ ቤት ፡ ለኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤት ፡ ጎላፊ ፡ የክሱን ፡ መሠረዝ ፡ አስታወቀ ።

መደምደሚያውን ፡ ላለፉት ፡ ሦስት ፡ ዓመታት ፡ ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ እንደማንኛውም ፡ ሕጋዊ ፡ አካል ፡ የመናገር ፡ የማወቅ ፡ የማስታወቅ ፡ በነጻነት ፡ በሰላም ፡ እና ፡ በክብር ፡ የመኖር ፡ መሠረታዊያን ፡ መብቶች ፡ ተጎድለውበት ፡ ሌሎችንም ፡ ጥቅሞች ፡ ዐጥቶ ፡ ጉዳዩ ፡ በዚህ ፡ ዐይነት ፡ ኹኔታ ፡ በድንገት ፡ ተቋርጧል ።

ጉዳዩ ፡ ለጊዜው ፡ ቢቋረጥም ፡ ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ አልዘጋውም ።

ዝርዝር ፡ ኹኔታውን ፡ እንደሚከተለው ፡ ለታሪክ ፡ እናወርሳለን ።

ሚያዝያ ፡ 25 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2014 ፡ ዓ.ም. ።

የኢትዮጵያውያን ፡ ሀገራዊ ፡ ሥልጡንሕዝባዊ ፡ አንድነት ፡ (ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ.) ፡ የአንከርት-ስልክ ፡ መሥመሩን ፡ የ British Telecom ፡ ይዞታ ፡ ከኾነው ፡ EE ፡ ከተባለው ፡ አንጋፋ ፡ የብሪታንያ ፡ አንከርት-ስልክ ፡ ድርጅት ፡ ተከራይቶ ፡ ላለፉት ፡ 4 ፡ ዓመታት ፡ በሰላም ፡ ሲገለገልበት ፡ ቁይቶ ፡ ነበር ።

ኾኖም ፡ ከግንቦት ፡ ወር ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ አንሥቶ ፡ የአንከርት-ስልክ ፡ መሥመሩ ፡ አላግባብ ፡ መታገዱን ፡ ተከትሎ ፡ ጉዳዩ ፡ "አምቡድ-ዝመን ፡ ሰርቪስዝ — ኮምዩኒኬሽንዝ" (Ombudsman Services — Communications) ፡ ለተባለው ፡ በ EE ፡ ለተጠቁመለት ፡ እንባ ፡ ጠባቂ ፡ አገልግሎት ፡ ቀርቦ ፡ ነበር ። ያላዝናል ፡ ከተባለው ፡ ድርጅት ፡ አድሏዊ ፡ ውሳኔ ፡ ደርሶት ፡ ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ውሳኔውን ፡ በመቃወም ፡ ነሐሴ ፡ 25 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ ይግባኝ ፡ ብሎ ፡ ነበር ። በተጨማሪ ፡ ጉዳዩን ፡ በፍትሐዊነት ፡ ያየዋል ፡ በሚል ፡ እምነት ፡ በታላቋ ፡ ብሪታንያ ፡ የመገናኛ ፡ እና ፡ የማወራሻ ፡ ድርጅቶችን ፡ አገልግሎት ፡ ለሚቈጣጠረው ፡ ለመንግሥታዊው ፡ ተቋም ፡ OFCOM ፡ ማመልከቱንም ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤት ፡ አስታውቆ ፡ ነበር ። ኾኖም ፡ መስከረም ፡ 14 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2014 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ ብይኑን ፡ በላከበት ፡ ደብዳቤው ፡ "አምቡድ-ዝመን ፡ ሰርቪስዝ — ኮምዩኒኬሽንዝ" (Ombudsman Services — Communications) ፡ የቀደመ ፡ አድሏዊ ፡ ውሳኔውን ፡ በማጽናት ፡— "አህጉራውያን ፡ ጥሪዎችን ፡ በተመለከተ ፡ EE ፡ አሳሳች ፡ የጽሑፍ ፡ መልእክት ፡ መላኩ ፡ ርግጥ ፡ ነው ። [...] ቢኾንም ፡ ይህ ፡ ብቻውን ፡ የቀደመ ፡ ውሳኔያችንን ፡ አያስለውጠንም ፡ ... " ፡ ሲል ፡ አቤቱታችንን ፡ ውድቅ ፡ በማድረግ ፡ ሰብአዊ ፡ መብታችንን ፡ ዐብሮ ፡ ረምርሟል ።

ይህን ፡ ፍርድ ፡ ገምድል ፡ ውሳኔ ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡

ቤት ፡ የማይቀበለው ፡ መኾኑን ፡ የሚገልጽ ፡ ደብዳቤ ፡ መስከረም ፡ 26 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2014 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ ለ"አምቡድ-ዝመን ፡ ሰርቪስዝ — ኮምዩኒኬሽንዝ" ፡ ተልኳል ፤ ግልባጭ ፡ ለ OFCOM ፡ እና ፡ ለብሪታንያ ፡ መንግሥት ፡ የንግድ ፡ ምጋቤ ፡ ተልኳል ። ጉዳዩ ፡ ገና ፡ ከመሠረቱ ፡ በብሪታንያ ፡ መንግሥት ፡ የንግድ ፡ ምጋቤ ፡ እንዲታወቅ ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤት ፡ ግልባጭ ፡ ደብዳቤዎችን ፡ መላኩን ፡ አስታውቋል ። ኾኖም ፡ እስካኹን ፡ ከብሪታንያ ፡ መንግሥት ፡ ይህን ፡ በ EE ፡ የተፈጸመ ፡ የስያላዊ ፡ ድርጅትን ፡ አንደበት ፡ የመሸበብ ፡ ግፍ ፡ በተመለከት ፡ አንዳች ፡ መልስ ፡ አልመጣለትም ። OFCOM ፡ በላከው ፡ የመልስ ፡ ደብዳቤው ፡ ግን ፡ የተቋሙ ፡ ተልእኮ ፡ እያንዳንዱን ፡ አቤቱታ ፡ ለመስማትና ፡ ለማገናዘብ ፡ እንጂ ፡ ለመወሰን ፡ ስለማይፈቅድለት ፡ በ EE ፡ አንጻር ፡ እስካኹን ፡ ከልዩ ፡ ልዩ ፡ አግጣጫዎች ፡ የመጡለትን ፡ አቤቱታዎች ፡ አጠናቅሮ ፡ የጅምላ ፡ ውሳኔ ፡ ላይ ፡ ሲደርስ ፡ ብቻ ፡ ይህን ፡ ውሳኔውን ፡ ይፈጽማል ፡ ሲል ፡ በሕግ ፡ የተፈቀደለትን ፡ አስሠራር ፡ አስታውሷል ፤ እስካኹን ፡ የደረሰው ፡ መረጃም ፡ ለሥራው ፡ እንደጠቀመው ፡ ገልጿል ።

ኾኖም ፡ የአንከርት-ስልክ ፡ አገልግሎቱ ፡ አላግባብ ፡ ከታገደ ፡ እንሆ ፡ አንድ ፡ ዓመት ፡ ሲሞላው ፡ ጉዳዩ ፡ እንስካኹን ፡ መፍትሔ ፡ አለማግኘቱ ፡ የ EE ፡ አደራረግን ፡ መሠሪነት ፡ አረጋግጧል ። ከ EE ፡ ጋር ፡ የክራይ ፡ ውል ፡ ለመፈራረም ፡ የሚከፈሉ ፡ ዐዳዲስ ፡ ደንበኞችም ፡ ኾኑ ፡ ነባሮች ፡ ደንበኞች ፡ ከ EE ፡ ጋር ፡ ስለሚኖራቸው ፡ ሱታፌ ፡ ቆም ፡ ብለው ፡ ሰባት ፡ ጊዜ ፡ ሊያስቡ ፡ ይገባል ።

የኾግሩ ፡ መነሻ ፡ በሚያዝያ ፡ ወር ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ EE ፡ ያስተላለፋቸው ፡ ተከታታይ ፡ የአህጉራዊ ፡ ጥሪ ፡ ፍጆታ ፡ ማሳሰቢያ ፡ መልእክቶች ፡ አሳሳችነት ፡ መኾኑን ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤት ፡ ገልጾልናል ። ከሚያዝያ ፡ 20 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (28th April 2021) ፡ እስከ ፡ ሚያዝያ ፡ 27 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (05th May 2021) ፡ EE ፡ አከታትሎ ፡ የላካቸው ፡ ጽሑፍ ፡ የአንከርት-ስልክ ፡ ሒሳብ ፡ መግለጫ ፡ መልእክቶች ፡ ለጥቆ ፡ ተመልክተዋል ።

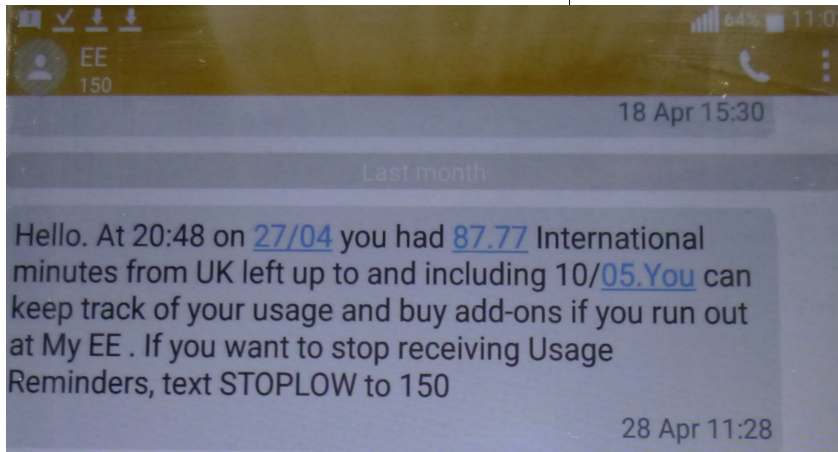
EE ፡ ሚያዝያ ፡ 20 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (28th April 2021) ፡ በላከው ፡ የጽሑፍ ፡ መልእክት ፡ (ሥዕል ፡ 1) ፡ ከአህጉራዊ ፡ ጥሪው ፡ ጠቅላላ ፡ ወርቃዊ ፡ ምድብ ፡ 87.77 ፡ ደቂቃ ፡ መቅረቱን ፡ በሚያዝያ ፡ 28 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (06th May 2021) ፡ የጽሑፍ ፡ መልእክቱ ፡ ደግሞ ፡ (ሥዕል ፡ 2) ፡ ወርቃዊ ፡ ምድብ ፡ ዋዜማውን ፡ ሚያዝያ ፡ 27 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ ፈጽሞ ፡ ማለቁን ፡ አስታወቀ ። ኾኖም ፡ ከጥቂት ፡ ቀናት ፡ በኋላ ፡ ግንቦት ፡ 2 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (9th May 2021) ፡ በላከው ፡ የጽሑፍ ፡ መልእክት ፡ (ሥዕል ፡ 3) ፡— "651.38 ፡ ፓውንድ ፡ ክፈሉ" ፡ የሚል ፡ ያልተጠበቀ ፡ መልእክት ፡ ድንገት ፡ ላከ ። "በምን ፡ ምክንያት?" ፡ ተብሎ ፡ ሲጠየቅም ፡— "ሚያዝያ ፡ 12 ፡ ቀን ፡ (20th April) ፡ የአህጉራዊ ፡ ጥሪ ፡ ምድባችኹ ፡ ፈጽሞ ፡ መፈጃቱን ፡ በጽሑፍ ፡ አመልክተን ፡ ነበር ፤ ከዚያ ፡ ወዲህ ፡ ወደ ፡ ኢትዮጵያ ፡

የተፈጸመው ፡ ጥሪዎች ፡ ኸሉ ፡ በ 3 ፡ ፓውንድ ፡ በደቂቃ ፡
ሒሳብ ፡ ታስበዋል" ፡ ዐለ ። የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤትም ፡—
"የተባለው ፡ የጽሑፍ ፡ መልእክት ፡ አልደረሰንም ፤ ከሚያዝያ ፡
12 ፡ ቀን ፡ በኋላም ፡ ሚያዝያ ፡ 20 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡
(28th April 2021) ፡ በላካችኩልንና ፡ በደረሰን ፡ መልእክት ፡
የ 87.77 ፡ ደቂቃ ፡ የአሀጉራዊ ፡ ጥሪ ፡ ቀሪ ፡ ጊዜ ፡ እንደ ፡
ነበረን ፡ አስታውቃችኩናል" ፡ ሲል ፡ መለሰ ። EE ም ፡
ምንም ፡ አግባብነት ፡ ያለው ፡ ማስረጃን ፡
ሳያቀርብ ፡— "የተጠየቃችኩትን ፡ 651.38 ፡ ፓውንድ ፡
ትከፍላላችኹ ፡ አለዚያ ፡ EE ፡ የተቃርኖ ፡ ደብዳቤ ፡ ጽፎ ፡
አገልግሎቱን ፡ ያቋርጣል ፡ ጉዳዩንም ፡ ወደእንባ ፡ ጠባቂ ፡
ይልከዋል" ፡ የሚል ፡ ለንግግር ፡ በርን ፡ የዘጋ ፡ መልስን ፡ ሰጠ ።

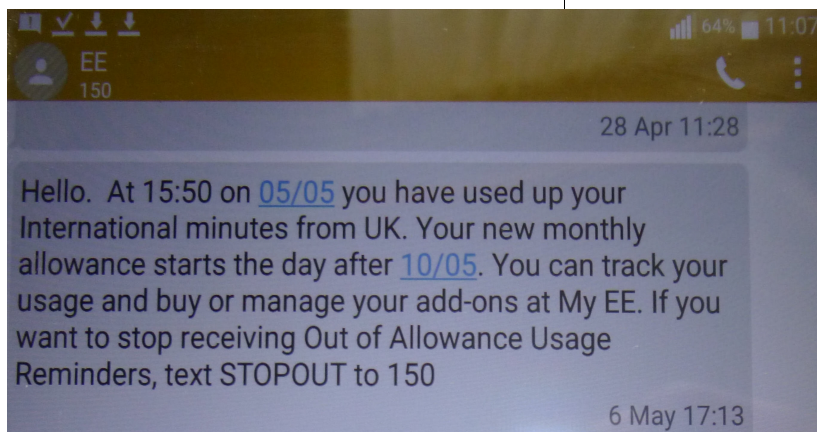
የፎንድ ፡ ጽሑፍ ፡ መጠቀሚያ ፡ ቅጂዎች ።

Copies of EE's text messages | Copies des messages texte (SMS) de EE.

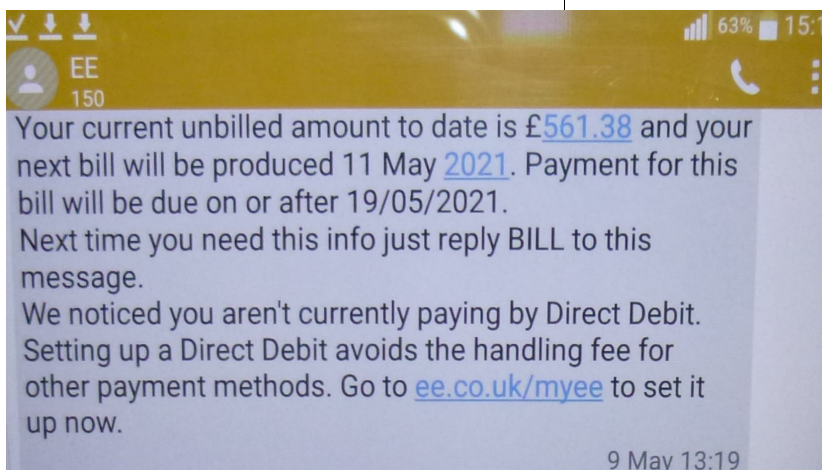
(ሥዕል ፡ 1 | Picture 1 | Image 1 ↓)



(ሥዕል ፡ 2 | Picture 2 | Image 2 ↓)



(ሥዕል ፡ 3 | Picture 3 | Image 3 ↓)



እንደ EE ፡ ስሌት ፡ ይህ ፡ የ 651.38 ፡ ፓውንድ ፡ ሒሳብ ፡ ከወርታዊው ፡ ኢትዮጵያን ፡ ከሚጨምር ፡ የአህጉራዊ ፡ ጥሪ ፡ 300 ፡ ደቂቃ ፡ ምድብ ፡ ውጪ ፡ የ 200 ፡ ደቂቃ ፡ ትርፍ ፡ ጥሪ ፡ በ 3 ፡ ፓውንድ ፡ በደቂቃ ፡ ሒሳብ ፡ ታስቦ ፡ መኾኑን ፡ አስረዳ ። ቀድሞውኑ ፡ የተሳሳቱ ፡ መልእክቶችን ፡ ያስተላለፈው ፡ EE ፡ መኾኑ ፡ በታወቅም ፡ የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤት ፡— "የ 200 ፡ ደቂቃ ፡ ጥሪ ፡ በ 20 ፡ ፓውንድ ፡ ተጨማሪ ፡ ክፍያ ፡ ሊገኝ ፡ ይችላልና ፡ ምንም ፡ ስሕተቱ ፡ ከ EE ፡ በኩል ፡ ቢኾን ፡ የ 20 ፡ ፓውንድ ፡ ክፍያውን ፡ እንክፈልና ፡ ጉዳዩን ፡ በዚህ ፡ እንዝጋው" ፡ ሲል ፡ የስምምነት ፡ ሐሳብን ፡ አቀረበለት ። EE ፡ ግን ፡ አሻፈረች ፡ ዐለ ።

በዚህ ፡ መሠረት ፡ የሽምግልና ፡ ኸደትን ፡ የሚያስዝግጠውን ፡ የ Deadlock ፡ ደብዳቤ ፡ EE ፡ ግንቦት ፡ 12 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (19th May 2021) ፡ በያወጣም ፡ ለደንበኛው ፡ ወዲያውኑ ፡ መላክ ፡ ሲገኝው ፡ ተደጋጋሚ ፡ ጥያቄዎችን ፡ ሹሉ ፡ በማደናቁር ፡ ከቁየ ፡ በኋላ ፡ ጉዳዩ ፡ ለ OFCOM ፡ ስለ ፡ ደረሰ ፡ በፍጥነት ፡ እንዲልክልን ፡ ተነግሮት ፡ ካ 5 ፡ ሳምንታት ፡ በኋላ ፡ ሠኔ ፡ 15 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (23rd of June 2021) ፡ አዘግዶቶ ፡ ላከ ። የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤትም ፡ ጉዳዩን ፡ ለእንባ ፡ ጠባቂው ፡ "አምቡድንገመን ፡ ሰርቪስዝ — ኮምዩኒኬሽንዝ" ፡ (Ombudsman Services — Communications) ፡ ሠኔ ፡ 21 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (28th June 2021) ፡ አቀረበ ። የእንባ ፡ ጠባቂው ፡ ድርጅት ፡ በ EE ፡ የተመደበ ፡ ሽምጋይ ፡ በመኾኑ ፡ ውሳኔው ፡ አድሏዊ ፡ ይኾናል ፡ የሚል ፡ ጥርጣሬ ፡ ነበር ። እንደተፈራውም ፡ "አምቡድንገመን ፡ ሰርቪስዝ — ኮምዩኒኬሽንዝ" ፡ (Ombudsman Services — Communications) ፡ አድሏዊ ፡ ውሳኔውን ፡ በደብዳቤው ፡ ሲያስታውቅ ፡ EE ፡ የፈጸመው ፡ አንዳች ፡ በደል ፡ እንደሌለ ፤ ደንበኛውም ፡ የተጠየቀውን ፡ መክፈል ፡ እንዳለበት ፡ ገለጸ ። የ EE ፡ ጽሑፍ ፡ መልእክቶችን ፡ አሳሳችነት ፡ በተመለከተ ፡ እነዚህኞቹ ፡ የሚገልጹት ፡ ኢትዮጵያን ፡ የማይጨምረው ፡ የ 500 ፡ ደቂቃውን ፡ ወርታዊ ፡ የአህጉራዊ ፡ ጥሪ ፡ ምድብ ፡ ፍጆታን ፡ መኾኑን ፡ EE ፡ ገልጾልኛል ፡ ገለጸውንም ፡ ተቀብሎታል ። ሲል ፡ ሐሰተኛ ፡ ሐሳብን ፡ በዘገባው ፡ ጣል ፡ አደረገ ። ኾኖም ፡ በተባለው ፡ ወር ፡ ኢትዮጵያን ፡ ከማይጨምረው ፡ የ 500 ፡ ደቂቃ ፡ ወርታዊ ፡ የአህጉራዊ ፡ ጥሪ ፡ ምድብ ፡ ውስጥ ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤቱ ፡ የፈጀው ፡ ከ 250 ፡ ደቂቃ ፡ በታች ፡ መኾኑ ፡ በወርታዊው ፡ ደረሰኝ ፡ በዝርዝር ፡ ተመዝግቧል ። ስለዚህ ፡ "አምቡድንገመን ፡ ሰርቪስዝ — ኮምዩኒኬሽንዝ" ፡ (Ombudsman Services — Communications) ፡ ሐሰተኛ ፡ መረጃን ፡ በዘገባው ፡ በማክል ፡ አድሏዊ ፡ ውሳኔን ፡ አስተላልፏል ።

የኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤትም ፡ የ"አምቡድንገመን ፡ ሰርቪስዝ — ኮምዩኒኬሽንዝ" ፡ (Ombudsman Services — Communications) ፡ ውሳኔን ፡ በመቃወም ፡ በነሐሴ ፡ 25 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ (31st August 2021) ፡ ደብዳቤው ፡ ይግባኝ ፡

ብሏል ።

"ኢትዮጵያ ፡ ፋሺዝምን ፡ ድል ፡ ባደረገችበት ፡ በሚያዝያ ፡ 27 ፡ 80 ኛ ፡ ዓመት ፡ በዓል ፡ በዕለቱ ፡ ዕለት ፡ ይህ ፡ በደል ፡ በኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ላይ ፡ ለምን ፡ ይኾን ፡ የተፈጸመበት?" ፡ የሚል ፡ አግባብነት ፡ ያለው ፡ ጥያቄ ፡ እጥቂቶች ፡ ዘንድ ፡ ይነሳል ። ይህኑ ፡ ጥያቄ ፡ ለኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ጽሕፈት ፡ ቤት ፡ አቅርበንለት ፡— "ተንክሱ ፡ ከሚያዝያ ፡ 27 ፡ ቀን ፡ 2013 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ መግጠሙ ፡ አጋጣሚ ፡ አይመስለንም ፤ ምክንያቱም ፡ ጥቂት ፡ ቀናት ፡ በኋላ ፡ የተፍገመገመው ፡ የኢ.ፌ.ዴ.ሪ. ፡ ቅሬታ ፡ ይዘት ፡ አስቀድሞ ፡ አስታውቆት ፡ በነበረው ፡ የሀገርን ፡ ሀብት ፡ ለውጭ ፡ ባለሀብቶች ፡ የመቸብቸብ ፡ ሕገ ፡ ወጥ ፡ ዕቅዱ ፡ መሠረት ፡ የኢትዮ-ቴሌኮምን ፡ የአንከርት-ስልክ ፡ ገበያ ፡ በብሪታንያዊው ፡ ድርጅት ፡ በ VODAFONE ፡ ለሚመራው ፡ ለ SAFARICOM ፡ አሳልፎ ፡ መስጠቱ ፡ ታውቋል ። ሕጋዊ ፡ መንግሥት ፡ በሌለበት ፡ ይህን ፡ መሳይ ፡ ድርጊት ፡ መፈጸም ፡ የሀገርን ፡ ሀብትና ፡ የሕዝብን ፡ ንብረት ፡ ማስመዝገብ ፡ መኾኑን ፡ ይህም ፡ ድርጊታቸው ፡ አስመዝግሪዎቹን ፡ በሕግ ፡ እንደሚያስጠይቃቸው ፡ ኢ.ሀ.ሥ.አ. ፡ ደጋግሞ ፡ አስታውቋል ። አኹን ፡ ላይ ፡ ስንመለከተው ፡ መዝገብው ፡ ወገን ፡ "ድል ፡ አድርጌያለኝ" ፡ ያለን ፡ ይመስላል ። እውነት ፡ ነው ፡ የዛሬ ፡ 85 ፡ ዓመትም ፡ ፋሺስቶች ፡ ድል ፡ አድርገናል ፡ ብለው ፡ ዐዲስ ፡ አበባ ፡ የገቡት ፡ በዚህ ፡ በሚያዝያ ፡ 27 ፡ ቀን ፡ 1928 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ ነበር ። ኾኖም ፡ ካ 5 ፡ ዓመት ፡ በኋላ ፡ ድል ፡ ተደርገው ፡ ሚያዝያ ፡ 27 ፡ ቀን ፡ 1933 ፡ ዓ.ም. ፡ በዐርበኞችና ፡ ይግረማችኹ ፡ በእንግሊዞች ፡ ድጋፍ ፡ ከዐዲስ ፡ አበባ ፡ ተባረዋል" ፡ ሲል ፡ መልሶልናል ።

ባለፉት ፡ 3 ፡ ዓመታት ፡ ሀገራችን ፡ ኢትዮጵያ ፡ እና ፡ ዓለማችን ፡ በብዙ ፡ መከራ ፡ ዐልፈው ፡ እንሆን ፡— "ሦስተኛው ፡ የዓለም ፡ ጦርነት ፡ ዝምሯል ፡ ወይስ ፡ አልዝመረም ። " ብለን ፡ መልስ ፡ ዐጣንበት ፡ እጅግ ፡ አሥጊ ፡ ዘመን ፡ ላይ ፡ ደርሰናል ።

በኢትዮጵያም ፡ በ SAFARICOM ፡ ስም ፡ የሚመራው ፡ የጽምሚት ፡ ምዝበራ ፡ ዐቅድ ፡ እስካኹን ፡ የተጠበቀውን ፡ ውጤት ፡ አላስገኘም ፤ ወቅቱ ፡ አልፈቀደውም ። ነገ ፡ ጧት ፡ ካለ ፡ ደግሞ ፡ ምዝበራው ፡ በሕግ ፡ ይወገዳል ።

ጉዳዩን ፡ ተከታትለን ፡ የደረሰበትን ፡ ደረጃ ፡ እንዘግባለን ❖

On the 4th year of the unlawful suspension of E.C.D.U.'s mobile phone service by the British company EE, the party accusing E.C.D.U. has suddenly issued a Notice of Discontinuance with the Courts.

08th July 2024

Since May 2021, the British mobile telephone service provider EE had unlawfully suspended E.C.D.U.'s mobile phone service ; the details of the denial of service will follow shortly. During those three years, EE had, for 3 months, subjected E.C.D.U.'s officer to acts of harassment, including successive letters of imminent court action, actual downgrading of the officer's personal credit card credit rating with an ensuing 50% cut to his credit limit, to finally, transfer the matter to a debt recovery company called MOORCROFT DEBT RECOVERY LTD. in July 2021. For the next 6 months, the latter sent E.C.D.U. weekly letters demanding the immediate payment of £910.13 to avoid court action. E.C.D.U.'s officer ignored the threatening letters as they were unlawful. On the 7th month, MOORCROFT DEBT RECOVERY LTD. transferred the case to another debt recovery company called LOWELL PORTFOLIO I LTD. This other company went on sending fortnightly threatening letters for the next 10 months, before announcing in its November 2022 letter that it would start court actions. As announced, it went on with lodging a claims form to the tribunals. As soon as the tribunal notice was received, E.C.D.U.'s secretariat responded by sending in writing its defence statement. In its defence statement, the secretariat reminded the tribunal that the origin of the problem was E.C.D.U.'s press release of 05th February 2020, entitled:

Neo-colonial compact?

The privatisation of public enterprises in Ethiopia

must be postponed

until the restoration of a legitimate government.

As the title indicates, the E.C.D.U. published its opposition to the planned sell of Ethiopian state-owned companies such as EthioTelecom to foreign buyers by the outlaw régime F.D.R.E.. In May of 2021, when 40% of EthioTelecom's mobile phone market share in Ethiopia were sold to the VODAFONE led SAFARICOM British consortium, of which significant shares were those of the COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, a British State holding company. For this reason, E.C.D.U.'s secretariat pointed out the existence of a conflict of interest, as the British State is both judge and party, but that nevertheless the E.C.D.U. will accept the judgement of the tribunal, while adding that the matter will not end there ; that it will be brought before a legitimate jurisdiction.

In a letter written in March 2023, the tribunals announced court proceedings for December 2024. But, in the meantime, the claimant LOWELL PORTFOLIO I LTD had filed a Notice of Discontinuance with the courts ; the latter, in their May 17th 2024 letter, advised E.C.D.U. that the hearing listed for the 20th December 2024 had been vacated.

In conclusion, the sudden discontinuation of the court proceedings cannot erase the damages incurred upon a legally established entity, the E.C.D.U., which, over the past three years, had its basic rights of expression, of information, of communication, and to peaceful and dignified existence curtailed, and had other interests denied.

For the record, we state below the full details of the case, which, as far as E.C.D.U. is concerned, remains open.

03rd May 2022.

Over the past four years, the Ethiopians' Citizen Democratic Union (E.C.D.U.) had been using a mobile phone service from EE, the mobile phone wing of British Telecom, and one of the largest telephone service providers in Great Britain.

However, following the unjustified suspension of its mobile phone service, starting from May 2021, the case has been brought to the Ombudsman Services —

Communications designated by EE itself. Sadly, having received the unfair decision of the said body, the E.C.D.U. has since lodged its appeal. In addition, the E.C.D.U. Secretariat has informed us that it has presented its case to the **OFCOM**, the State institution that regulates the media and communications sectors in Great Britain, in the hope that fairness will prevail. In its 24th September 2021 letter, the Ombudsman Services – Communications has since reaffirmed its previous biased decision by stating its final verdict: *"I agree that the text messages were misleading [...]. However, [...] I do not consider that a change to the initial decision is warranted"*; in so doing it has participated in the trampling of a basic human right.

The Secretariat of the E.C.D.U. has rejected this latest unjust decision, in a letter dated 06th October 2021 and addressed to the Ombudsman Services – Communications; copies of the letter were also sent to the British Ministry of Trade, and OFCOM. The Secretariat of the E.C.D.U. has made sure that this matter is fully known to the British Government by sending it copies of relevant correspondence. Nevertheless, the Secretariat of the E.C.D.U. has not received any acknowledgement of receipt nor any response from the British Government regarding this regrettable act of muzzling by EE of an established political organisation, in blatant breach of Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of the United Nations Organisation, to which Great Britain is signatory. On the other hand, OFCOM have responded by stressing the fact that their mission is to monitor the performance of telecom companies through individual complaints, and not to examine and respond to individual cases; but that they will take appropriate action whenever there is enough evidence to do so, and that the information already provided is useful to them.

Yet, the mobile phone service has now been suspended for exactly one year; the absence of any attempt, on the part of EE, to resolve the problem is testimony to the vicious nature of EE's disposition. Existing EE customers, and those considering to join them should think seven times.

The E.C.D.U. Secretariat has said that the whole issue started with a series of misleading text messages sent by EE, during April and May 2021,

with regards to remaining international call allowances. These text messages detailing the remaining minutes of the monthly 300 minutes call allowance, and sent by EE between 28th of April 2021 and 09th of May 2021, are displayed on page 2.

In its 28th of April 2021 text message (**picture 1**), EE had posted an 87.77 minutes remaining international call allowance, followed by its 06th of May 2021 posting (**picture 2**) stating that the international call allowance was used up the previous day, 05th of May 2021; finally, in a surprise move, its 09th of May 2021 text message (**picture 3**), announced that the current unbilled amount to date was £651.38. Asked for the reasons, EE replied that they had sent on the 20th of April 2021 a text message stating that the international call allowance was at that point in time all used up, and that all calls made to Ethiopia after that date were charged at £3 per minute. The E.C.D.U. Secretariat never received the said text message; what it actually received after the 20th of April 2021 were messages stating to the contrary, with 87.77 minutes still remaining on the 28th of April 2021. But EE, without offering any logical explanation or any room for compromise, insisted that the requested £651.38 be paid at once, or a deadlock letter will be issued and the service suspended, with the matter referred to the ombudsman.

According to EE's calculations, the £651.38 bill included 200 minutes extra calls to Ethiopia, billed at £3.00 per minute, in addition to the allowance of 300 minutes per month. Despite the fact that it is EE that sent these misleading text messages in the first place, the E.C.D.U. Secretariat offered to pay a £20.00 top up to cover the 200 minutes extra, but EE rejected the offer.

As a result, EE issued the deadlock letter on the 19th of May 2021, but failed to send it to the customer despite repeated requests; finally OFCOM was informed about the situation, then only did EE send the letter which was received five weeks later, on the 23rd of June 2021. The E.C.D.U. Secretariat submitted its case to the Ombudsman Services – Communications on the 28th of June 2021. As the Ombudsman Services – Communications was designated by EE itself, there were fears that their

decision would be biased. As feared, the Ombudsman Services — Communications reported its biased findings in its 26th August 2021 letter in which it stated that EE acted correctly and that the billed amount should be met by the customer. Regarding EE's misleading text messages, the Ombudsman Services — Communications investigator made a false statement by claiming that EE had informed it that these text messages refer to the 500 minutes international call allowance other than the 300 minutes that included Ethiopia, and that it accepted EE's explanations. Unfortunately for the Ombudsman Services — Communications, out of the 500 minutes of the said international call allowance, E.C.D.U. had only used less than 250 minutes during the month as the itemised bill certifies. The Ombudsman Services — Communications have therefore included false information in their investigation, which has therefore rendered their decision biased.

The E.C.D.U. Secretariat refused to accept the findings of the Ombudsman Services — Communications, and, on the 31st of August 2021, lodged an appeal against their decision.

"Why did this machination against E.C.D.U. coincide with the commemorations of the 80th anniversary of the 5th of May 1941 Ethiopian Victory over Fascism?" It is a question that was echoed by a few. We put the question to the E.C.D.U. Secretariat; their answer was: *"We do not think that it is just a coincidence because, a few days later, the fledgeling F.D.R.E. remnant régime in Ethiopia had awarded a substantial share of **Ethio-Telecom's** mobile phone market to the **SAFARICOM** consortium which is led by the British mobile phone service provider **VODAFONE**, in accordance with its previously announced unlawful plan of stripping public sector assets. It is to be remembered that the E.C.D.U. had repeatedly made public its position that any privatisation of State enterprise in Ethiopia in the absence of a legitimate Government amounts to spoliation of the country's resources and the people's property, for which the régime's current leadership will have to answer before the law. What the beneficiaries of the spoil seem to be telling us now is that they have won on the 5th of May, as did the Fascist invaders 85 years ago when they entered Addis Abeba on the 5th of May 1936, but to be*

dislodged exactly five years later on the 5th of May 1941 by Ethiopian patriots — ironically — with the help of British forces, in the final stages."

Over the past twelve months, our World has been through such terrible times that we are now unable to answer the question of "whether the Third World War is started or not?"

In Ethiopia, the VODAFONE led enterprise of covert spoliation has not had the expected results; the current international context has not allowed them. If there is a tomorrow, this attempted spoliation will be annulled by law.

We shall be reporting on developments of the story ❖

En ce 4ième année de la suspension illégitime du service de téléphone portable de l'U.C.D.E. par la société britannique EE, la partie accusatrice de l'U.C.D.E. a soudain décidé d'interrompre sa démarche de réclamation auprès du Tribunal.

08 juillet 2024

Depuis mai 2021, la société britannique de téléphonie mobile EE a indûment suspendu le service de téléphone portable de l'U.C.D.E. comme on le verra en détail ci-dessous. Durant ces trois années, le représentant de l'U.C.D.E. a été soumis à des menaces pendant 3 mois, avec une succession de lettres annonçant des procédures en justice, suivies par une illégitime dévalorisation de l'indice de solvabilité de sa carte de crédit personnelle qui est réduite de 50%! À la fin, EE fini par transférer le dossier à une société de recouvrement de dettes appelée MOORCROFT DEBT RECOVERY LTD. dès le mois de juillet 2021. Durant les 6 prochains mois, cette dernière se mit à envoyer une lettre hebdomadaire demandant le paiement immédiat de 910.13£, faute de quoi elle entamerait une action en justice. Le représentant de l'U.C.D.E. a, tout au long, ignoré ces lettres de menaces qu'il a jugée d'illégales. Sept mois plus tard, la société MOORCROFT DEBT RECOVERY LTD. transféra à son tour le dossier à la société de recouvrement de dettes LOWELL PORTFOLIO I LTD. Cette autre se mit aussitôt à envoyer une lettre de menace toutes les deux semaines durant dix mois, avant d'annoncer, en novembre 2022, qu'elle s'apprêtait à commencer une procédure en justice. Menace qu'elle mit à exécution en faisant une réclamation auprès du tribunal. Aussitôt qu'il a reçu la notice du tribunal, le secrétariat de l'U.C.D.E. répondit en envoyant par écrit sa déclaration de défense. Dans sa déclaration de défense, le secrétariat rappela au tribunal que l'origine du problème remontait au communiqué de

presse de l'U.C.D.E. daté du 05 février 2020 et intitulé:

Compact néo-colonial?

La privatisation des entreprises publiques en Éthiopie doit être différée

jusqu'à la restauration d'un gouvernement légitime.

Comme l'indique l'intitulé, l'U.C.D.E. y a annoncé son opposition à la vente par le régime hors la loi R.F.D.E. de sociétés publiques éthiopiennes telles que EthioTelecom à des acheteurs étrangers. En mai 2021, lorsque 40% des parts du marché de téléphones portables de EthioTelecom ont été cédées au consortium britannique SAFARICOM dont VODAFONE est partenaire majoritaire, et dont une part significative est détenue par la COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, une société holding de l'État britannique. Pour cette raison, le secrétariat de l'U.C.D.E. souligna le fait qu'il existe un conflit d'intérêt, puisque l'État britannique est à la fois juge est partie dans cette affaire, tout en ajoutant que l'U.C.D.E. accepterait dans tous les cas le jugement du dit tribunal, mais que cela ne signifiait pas que l'affaire serait close, et qu'elle serait présentée devant une juridiction compétente le moment venu.

Dans une lettre de mars 2023, le tribunal annonça la date du procès pour décembre 2024. Mais, entre temps, le requérant LOWELL PORTFOLIO I LTD. avait soumis une notice d'interruption de son action en justice auprès du tribunal en question, lequel informa l'U.C.D.E., dans sa lettre du 17 mai 2024, que l'audience prévue pour le 20 décembre 2024 a été annulée.

En conclusion, l'interruption soudaine du procès ne peut pas effacer les dommages subis par une entité régulièrement établie telle l'U.C.D.E., laquelle a vu ses droits fondamentaux à la liberté d'expression, à l'information et à la communication, ainsi que son droit à une existence paisible et digne a été restreint, et d'autres intérêts déniés.

Pour l'histoire, nous présentons ci-dessous les circonstances du dossier en détail, lequel reste ouvert en ce qui concerne l'U.C.D.E..

Le 3 mai 2022

Durant les quatre dernières années, l'**Union Citoyenne Démocratique des Éthiopiens (U.C.D.E.)** a fait usage du service de téléphone portable auprès de la société **EE**, la branche de téléphonie portable de **British Telecom**, et un des plus importants fournisseurs de services en Grande Bretagne.

Néanmoins, en raison de la suspension injustifiée de ce service depuis le mois de mai 2021, l'affaire a été présentée aux médiateurs désignés par EE, **Ombudsman Services — Communications**. Malheureusement, suite à la décision injuste de ce dernier, l'**U.C.D.E.** a fait appel. De plus, elle a présenté son cas auprès de l'institution étatique de régulation des secteurs médiatiques et de communication en Grande Bretagne, l'**OFCOM**, dans l'espoir que l'équité prévaudra.

Dans sa lettre du 24 septembre 2021, le Ombudsman Services — Communications a, depuis, rendu public son verdict final qui réaffirme sa précédente décision biaisée en ces termes : *"Je reconnais que les messages textes étaient trompeurs [...]. Néanmoins [...], je n'estime pas qu'un changement à la décision initiale soit justifié"* ; ce faisant il a aussi bafoué un droit humain fondamental.

Le secrétariat de l'**U.C.D.E.** a, dans une lettre du 06 octobre 2014 adressée à l'Ombudsman Services — Communications, rejeté cette décision injuste; les copies de cette lettre ont aussi été envoyées au ministère britannique du commerce, ainsi qu'à OFCOM. Le secrétariat de l'**U.C.D.E.** a toujours tenu informé de l'évolution de cette affaire le ministère britannique du commerce, en lui envoyant les copies des correspondances. Néanmoins, le secrétariat de l'**U.C.D.E.** n'a reçu jusqu'à présent aucun accusé de réception ni une quelconque réponse de la part du gouvernement britannique concernant ce cas grave de muselage d'une organisation politique par la société britannique **EE**, en flagrant violation de l'article 19 de la Déclaration Universelle des Droits Humains de l'Organisation des Nations Unies, dont la Grande Bretagne est signataire. Pour sa part, OFCOM a répondu en soulignant que sa mission se limite à la surveillance de performance des sociétés du télécom à travers les plaintes individuelles, mais que cela ne l'autorise pas de décider sur les cas individuels;

tout en ajoutant qu'il prendrait les mesures qu'il juge appropriées s'il y a pour cela suffisamment de preuves, et que l'information qui lui a été envoyée jusqu'à présent a été utile à cet égard.

Cependant, il est maintenant exactement un an que le service de téléphone mobile est suspendu; l'absence de toute tentative de la part de **EE** de résoudre le problème témoigne d'une disposition vicieuse. Les abonnés existants de **EE** ainsi que ceux qui souhaitent le devenir, ils devraient tous penser sept fois.

Le secrétariat de l'**U.C.D.E.** nous a appris que tout le problème a commencé à la suite d'une série de messages textes trompeurs que **EE** lui a envoyé, durant les mois d'avril et mai 2021, concernant le restant de minutes d'appels internationaux. Ces messages textes donnant le détail sur le restant de minutes d'appels, envoyés entre le 28 avril 2021 et le 9 mai 2021, sont affichés, page 2.

Dans son message texte du 28 avril 2021 (**Image 1**), **EE** avait posté un restant de 87.77 minutes d'appel international, suivi par son message texte du 06 mai 2021 (**Image 2**) annonçant que la veille, le 05 mai 2021, le restant de provision d'appel international a été complètement utilisé ; enfin, le 09 mai 2021 (**Image 3**), dans un renversement de situation, **EE** a annoncé que la facture pour le mois se monte désormais à 651.38£. Questionnée sur les raisons d'un tel montant, **EE** a répondu qu'elle avait envoyé un message texte le 20 avril dernier annonçant que toute la provision mensuelle d'appel à l'étranger a été utilisée, et que tous les appels internationaux vers l'Éthiopie faits depuis cette date sont facturés à 3£ la minute. Le secrétariat de l'**U.C.D.E.** n'a pas reçu le message texte en question ; ce qu'il a reçu après le 20 avril 2021 est le message texte du 28 avril 2021 annonçant qu'il restait encore 87.77 minutes. Mais **EE** ne voulait rien entendre ; sans même donner une quelconque explication, ou montrer une quelconque volonté de compromis, elle a insisté à ce que la facture de 651.38£ soit immédiatement réglée, faute de quoi, une "lettre d'impasse" serait délivrée, le service suspendu, et le dossier renvoyé aux médiateurs.

Selon le calcul de **EE**, les 651.38£ incluent 200 minutes d'appels vers l'Éthiopie facturés à 3£ la

minute, en plus de la provision des 300 minutes par mois. Tout en sachant que EE était responsable de l'envoi de messages textes trompeurs, l'**U.C.D.E.** a offert de payer les 20£ de "top up" nécessaires pour couvrir ces 200 minutes supplémentaires, mais EE n'a rien voulu entendre.

Finalement, EE a délivré la "lettre d'impasse", sans cependant l'envoyer au client, malgré les appels répétés de celui-ci ; il a fallu l'intervention de l'OFCOM pour que EE se décide enfin à le lui envoyer, cinq semaines plus tard, le 23 juin 2021. Le secrétariat de l'**U.C.D.E.** a alors soumis son cas au Ombudsman Services – Communications le 28 juin 2021. Comme le Ombudsman Services – Communications a été désigné par EE elle-même, la décision finale de celui-ci risquait d'être biaisée. C'est ce qui s'est avéré finalement, puisque le Ombudsman Services – Communications a annoncé dans son rapport d'investigation du 26 août 2021 que EE a agit correctement et que le montant de la facture doit être réglé par le client. Concernant les messages textes trompeurs de EE, le Ombudsman Services – Communications a faussement conclu que l'explication de EE selon laquelle les susdits messages textes concernent non pas les 300 minutes d'appels internationaux mensuels qui incluent l'Éthiopie, mais plutôt les 500 minutes d'appels internationaux mensuels qui n'incluent pas l'Éthiopie, est une explication qu'il juge acceptable. Malheureusement pour le médiateur Ombudsman Services – Communications, l'**U.C.D.E.** n'a utilisé que moins de 250 minutes des 500 minutes d'appels internationaux mensuels qui n'incluent pas l'Éthiopie, comme le montre la facture détaillée du mois en question. Le médiateur Ombudsman Services – Communications a bel et bien introduit dans son rapport d'investigation une information erronée qui a confirmé le caractère biaisé de sa décision.

Le secrétariat de l'**U.C.D.E.** a refusé d'accepter la conclusion du rapport d'investigation du médiateur Ombudsman Services – Communications, et a fait appel le 31 août 2021.

*"Pourquoi cette machination contre l'**U.C.D.E.** s'est elle produite au moment de la commémoration du 80ème anniversaire de la victoire éthiopienne du 5 mai 1941 contre le fascism ?" C'est une question*

légitime que certains se sont posés. Nous avons posé la même question au secrétariat de l'**U.C.D.E.**, lequel nous a répondu : *"La concomitance de la machination contre l'**U.C.D.E.** et de la commémoration du 5 mai ne semble pas être fortuite ; car, peu de jours après, le régime chancelant et résiduaire R.F.D.E. avait donné son accord à l'octroi d'une part substantielle du marché éthiopien du téléphone portable au consortium SAFARICOM qui est dirigé par le britannique VODAFONE . On se souvient que l'**U.C.D.E.** a régulièrement rendu public, ces derniers mois, sa position selon laquelle toute privatisation d'entreprises publiques en Éthiopie en l'absence d'un gouvernement légitime est un acte de spoliation des ressources du pays et de la propriété du peuple éthiopien, et que les responsables du régime auront à rendre des comptes devant la justice. Ce que les bénéficiaires de ce butin semblent maintenant nous communiquer dans un message à peine voilé, c'est que le 5 mai 2021 ils ont remporté une victoire, comme les envahisseurs fascistes qui sont entrés dans Addis Abeba le même jours du 5 mai 1936, mais, pour être délogés cinq années plus tard le 5 mai 1941, par les patriotes éthiopiens avec – ironie de l'histoire – le soutien des forces britanniques dans les phases finales."*

Ces douze derniers mois, notre monde a traversé une si terrible passe qu'il nous est maintenant impossible de répondre à la question: "la Troisième Guerre Mondiale est-elle commencée ou non?".

En Éthiopie, l'entreprise de spoliation voilée qui est menée par VODAFONE n'a pas donné les résultats escomptés; le contexte international ne les a pas autorisés. S'il y a un lendemain, cette tentative de spoliation sera annulée par la loi.

Nous vous tiendrons au courant des suites de cette affaire ❖

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Universal Declaration of Human Rights | Déclaration universelle des droits humains

አንቀጽ ፡ 19 | Article 19

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Everyone has the right to
freedom of opinion and
expression; this right
includes freedom to hold
opinions without
interference and to seek,
receive and impart
information and ideas
through any media and
regardless of frontiers.

Tout individu a droit à la
liberté d'opinion et
d'expression, ce qui implique
le droit de ne pas être
inquiété pour ses opinions et
celui de chercher, de recevoir
et de répandre, sans
considérations de frontières,
les informations et les idées
par quelque moyen
d'expression que ce soit.